

Characterization and Modeling of the Interface/Interphase of Polymeric Materials and Systems Consortium

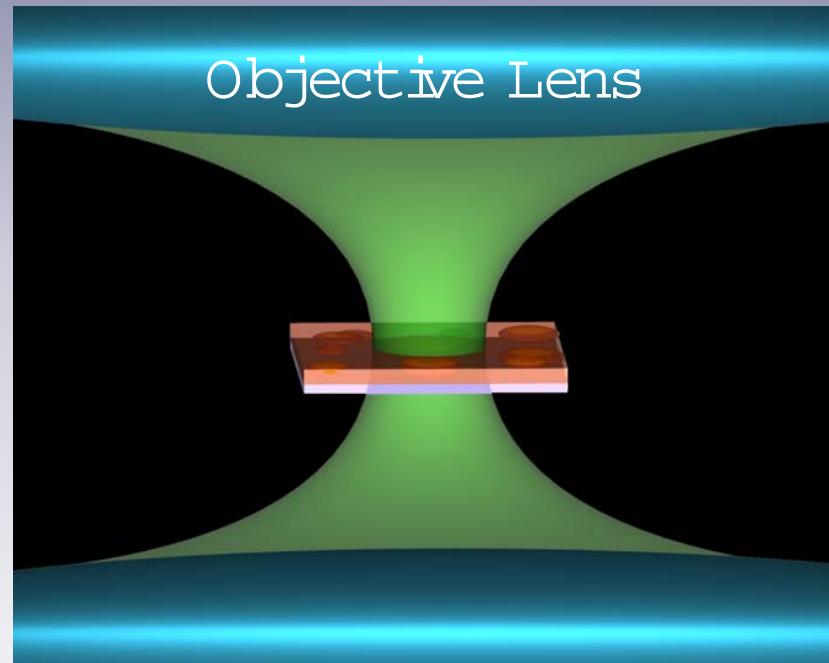
Project 3 – Milestone 4:

Development of new nanoscale techniques using Confocal Raman, NSOM, NLO, and SIMS to evaluate changes in chemical composition in interphase regions.

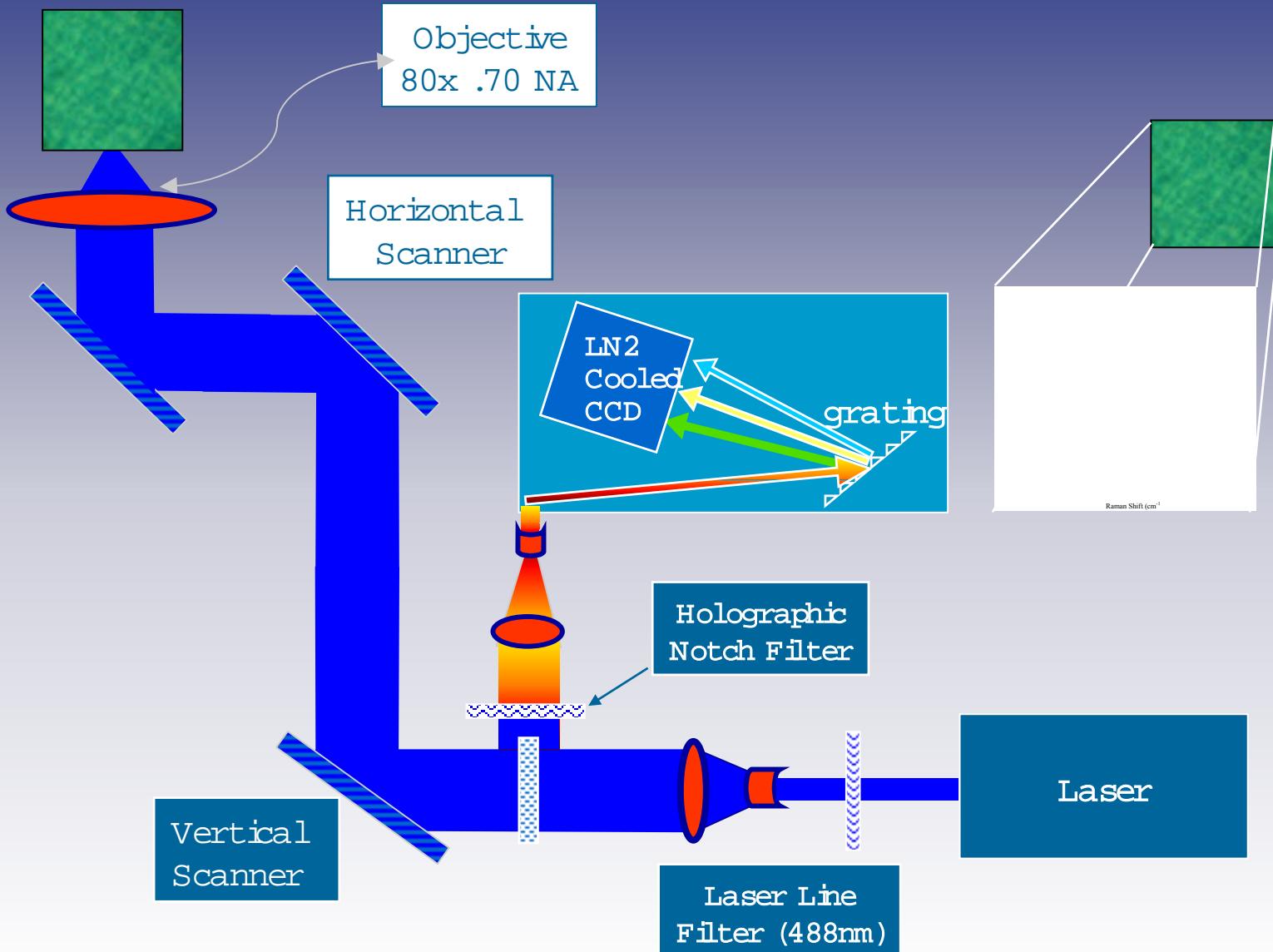
New Capabilities in Laser Scanning Confocal Raman Microscopy

Confocal Raman Microscopy

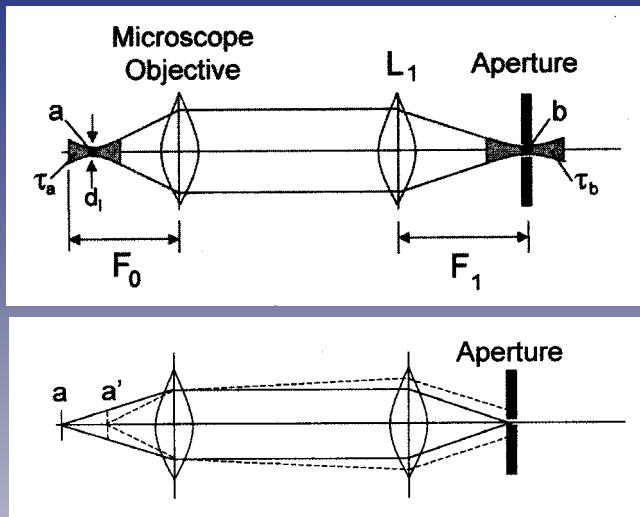
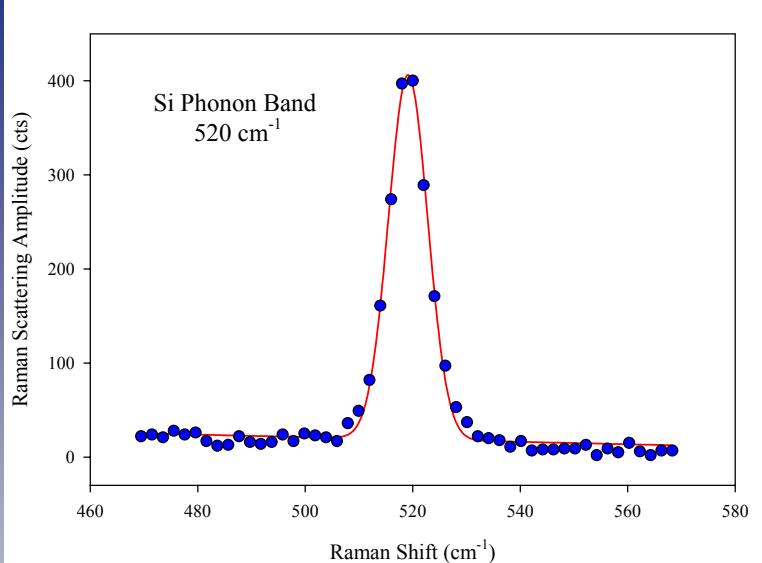
- Diffraction-limited spatial resolution
Lateral $\sim \lambda/2NA$
Confocal collection reduces 'out-of-focus' Raman signal \Rightarrow depth profiling
- Chemical composition information from vibrational spectra
- Structural information from vibrational spectra (crystallinity, orientation, strain)



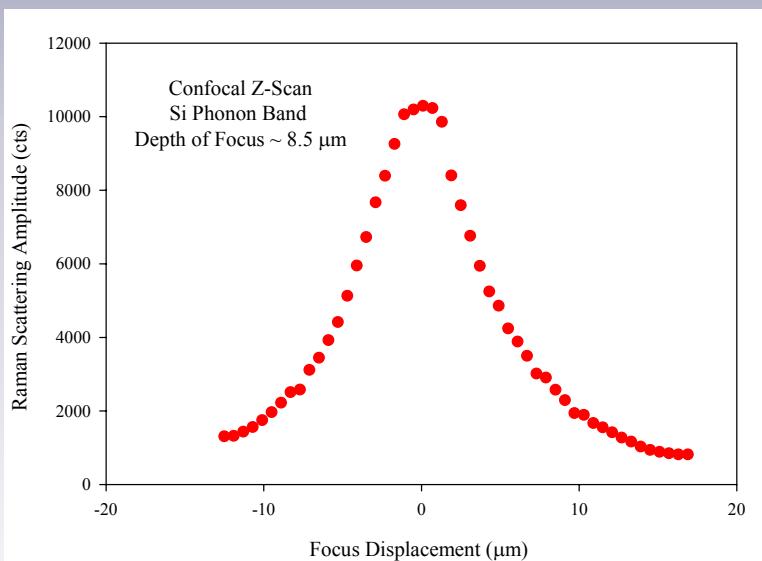
Confocal Raman Hyperspectral Imaging: 3-D Chemical and Orientation Mapping



Confocal Raman Microscopy: Depth Resolution



Figures from K.J. Baldwin et al in *Handbook of Raman Spectroscopy*, Eds. I.R. Lewis and H.G.M. Edwards



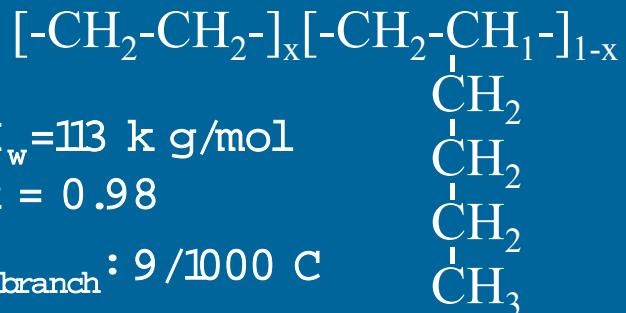
Raman Z-Scans

Raman spectra of Siphonon band at 520 cm⁻¹ recorded as beam focus is scanned through Si/air interface. FWHM of z-scan function is a measure of confocal parameter (collection depth).

Confocal Raman Microscopy of Polyolefin Blends: Samples

DIC Optical
microscopy images
100X, 0.75 NA

PEH : ethylene/hexene

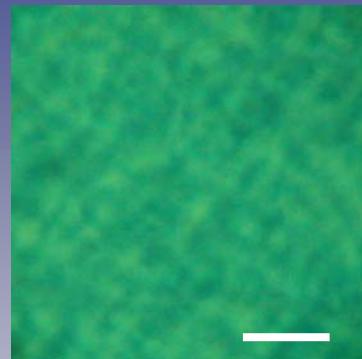


$M_w = 113 \text{ k g/mol}$

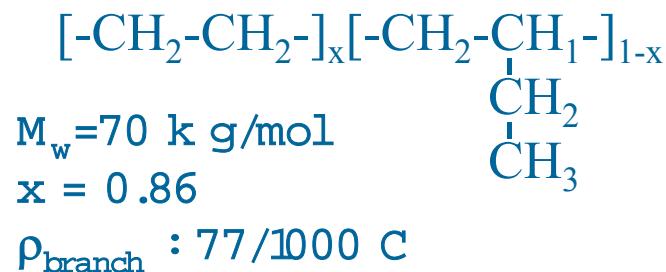
$x = 0.98$

$\rho_{\text{branch}} : 9/1000 \text{ C}$

PEB:PEH
50:50
130°C/3 h



PEB : ethylene/butene

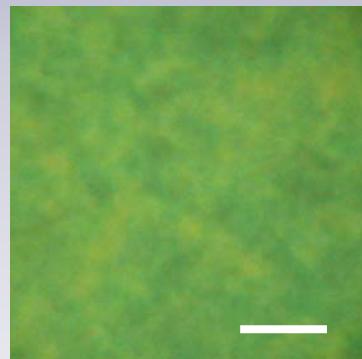


$M_w = 70 \text{ k g/mol}$

$x = 0.86$

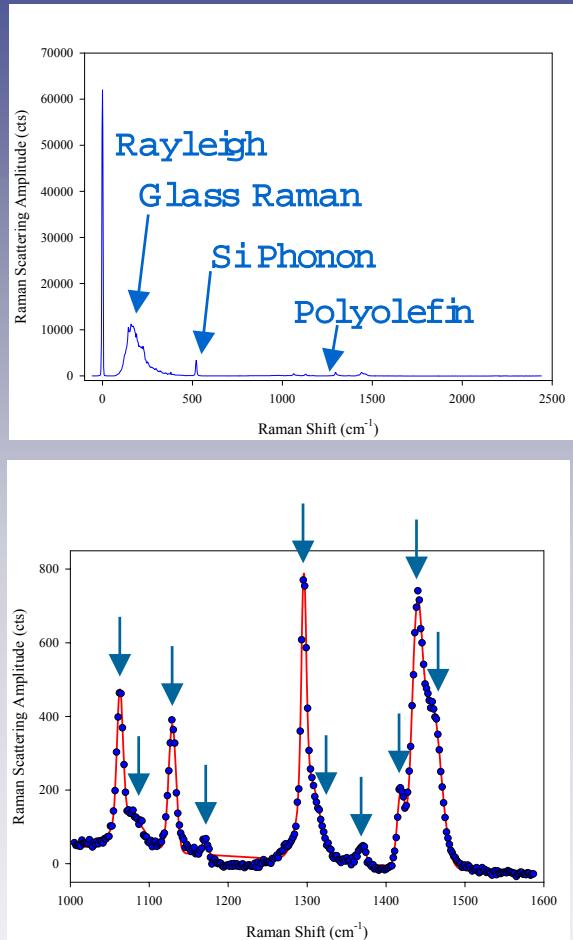
$\rho_{\text{branch}} : 77/1000 \text{ C}$

PEB:PEH
50:50
130°C/21 h



Scale bar ~ 10 μm

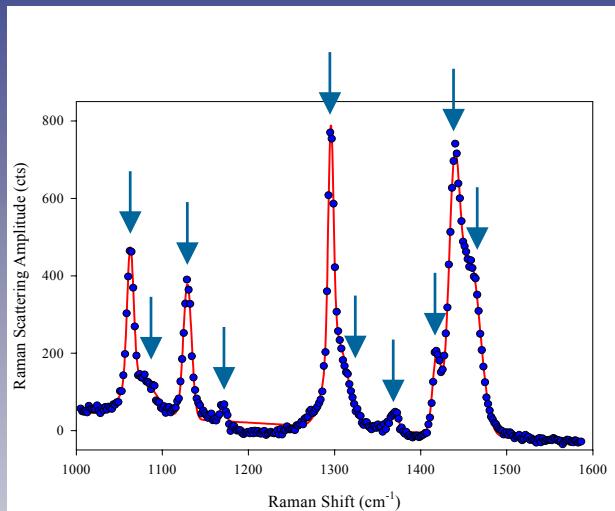
Confocal Raman Microscopy of Polyolefin Blends: Spectra



Band	Raman Shift (cm ⁻¹)
$\nu_{as}(C-C)$	1064
$\nu_s(C-C)$	1080
$\nu_s(C-C)$	1131
$\nu_r(CH_2)$	1170
$\nu_t(CH_2)$	1297
$\nu_t(CH_2)$	1303
$\nu_w(CH_2)$	1370
$\delta(CH_2)$	1418
$\delta(CH_2)$	1440
$\delta(CH_2)$	1460

Assignments compiled in C. Fagnano et al,
Polymer, **42**, 5871 (2001).

Confocal Raman Microscopy of Semicrystalline Polyolefins: Crystalline and Amorphous Phases



- Band assignments controversial – all-*trans* chains in amorphous phase
- Quantitative evaluation of crystalline content is problematic
- Relative changes (spatial variation) is robust

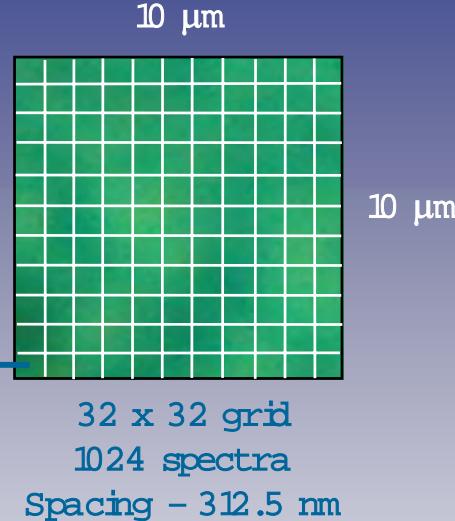
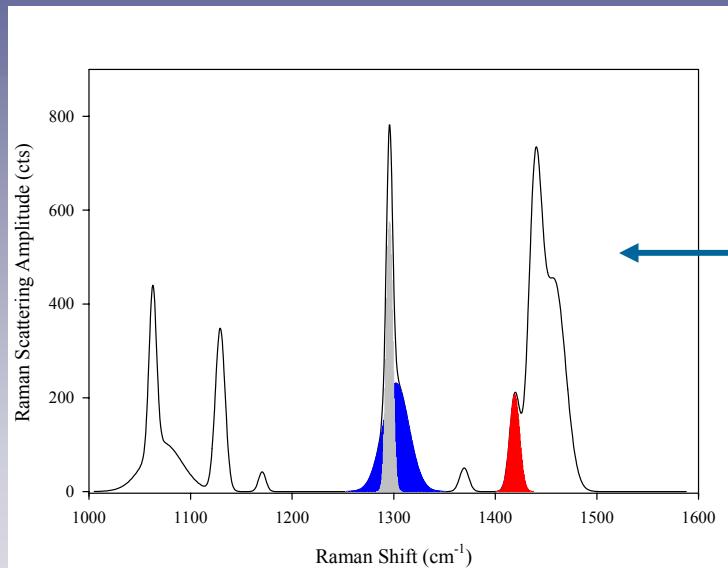
Spectral Assignments

Phase	Raman Shift (cm^{-1})
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C + A _T	1064
A	1080
C + A _T	1131
C + A	1170
C	1297
A	1303
C + A	1370
C	1418
A _T	1440
A	1460

C – Crystalline, A – Amorphous, T – *trans*
Assignments compiled in C. Fagnano et al,
Polymer, **42**, 5871 (2001).

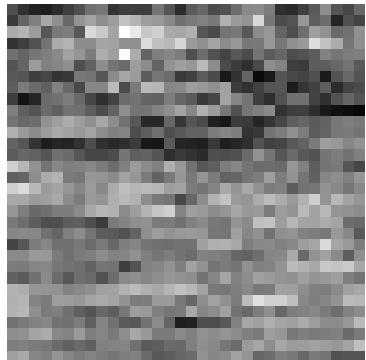
Confocal Raman Microscopy of Semicrystalline Polyolefins: Crystallinity Mapping



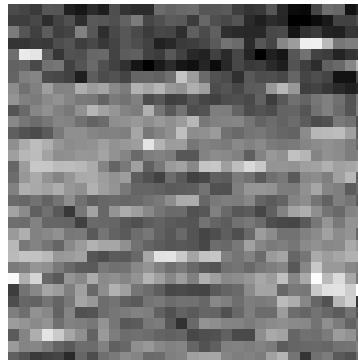
Crystallinity Map Procedure

- 1.) Fit each spectra for quantity $I_{1450}/(I_{1297} + I_{1303})$
- 2.) $(I_{1297} + I_{1303})$ - Internal standard
Sum is constant from melt to pure crystalline phase
- 3.) Generate spatial maps

Confocal Raman Microscopy of Semicrystalline Polyolefins: Crystallinity Mapping



3H
 $\langle I_{1418} / (I_{1297} + I_{1303}) \rangle = 0.21$



2H
 $\langle I_{1418} / (I_{1297} + I_{1303}) \rangle = 0.35$

- Polyolefin blend sample amenable to study with confocal raman microscopy
- Signal levels reasonable – fluorescence largely absent
- Quantitative assessment of crystalline content problematic –
study of spatial variations robust – shed light on assignments?
- Interesting regions to look for identifiable spatial variations in crystallinity?
- Depth profiling ?